

Statement by Ambassador ICHIKAWA Tomiko Permanent Representative of Japan to the Conference on Disarmament Conference on Disarmament Plenary, 14 May 2024 Thematic discussion on "Relationship between disarmament and development"

Mr President,

Japan attaches great importance to the realization of the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) and makes utmost efforts in the view of the concept of "human security".

Today, the international community is witnessing a precarious situation with disproportionate civilian casualties caused by the use of conventional weapons. Under these circumstances, disarmament and arms control are even more relevant to achieving the SDGs as well as ensuring human security, all of which are closely interlinked. In this regard, Japan welcomes the human-centered approach in disarmament which is outlined by the UN Secretary-General in Action 7 of the New Agenda for Peace.

Small arms and light weapons remain the source of grave insecurity in both conflict and non-conflict situations, as well as the cause of violent deaths and genderbased violence worldwide. Furthermore, the use of anti-personnel mines and cluster munitions continues to increase civilian harm. The threat of mines and explosive remnants of war (ERW) undermines post-conflict reconstruction, resumption of economic activities such as agricultural production, and national development efforts in general. Mr President,

Since 2001, Japan, together with Colombia and South Africa, has submitted a draft resolution on the illicit trade in small arms and light weapons in all its aspects to the UN General Assembly every year. Last year in December, the resolution, co-sponsored by 86 countries, was adopted by consensus in the Plenary Meeting. It underlines the importance for States to prevent, combat and eradicate illicit trade in small arms and light weapons, including their diversion to illegal armed groups among others. It also emphasizes the importance of implementation of the UN "Programme of Action to Prevent, Combat and Eradicate the Illicit Trade in Small Arms and Light Weapons in All Its Aspects", with a view to attaining the SDGs. We need to redouble our efforts in this field towards the upcoming Review Conference on the UN Programme of Action that will take place in June in New York.

In the area of mine action, Japan has been a staunch supporter of the Anti-Personnel Mine Ban Convention and continues to provide a wide range of assistance to many states in need. Now, drawing on our experience and expertise, Japan is working to facilitate South-South cooperation under the strong partnership of Cambodia for Ukraine as well as some African countries such as Somalia, Ethiopia, South Sudan and Nigeria.

In particular, Japan has been actively supporting Cambodia's reconstruction and development since the Peace Agreement in 1991. Japan will work closely with the Cambodian Presidency towards the upcoming Fifth Review Conference of the Anti-Personnel Mine Ban Convention this year, as the President of the Meeting of the States Parties next year. Mr President,

In conclusion, international concerted efforts in the field of disarmament remain of paramount importance for enhancing human security and achieving the SDGs. Japan is committed and stands ready to continue to cooperate with CD Member States and all relevant stakeholders to this end.